

## Pre-Calculus Assessment

1. Simplify.

a)  $(5 - 2i) - (8 - 7i)$

b)  $(3 + 4i)(6 - 3i)$

c)  $\frac{3-2i}{4+i}$

d)  $\sqrt[3]{16x^6y^{10}}$

e)  $4\sqrt{8} + 7\sqrt{50}$

f)  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}$

g)  $(5xy^5)^3(8x^3y^7)^0$

h)  $(3xy^4)^3(2x^3y^{-5})^{-2}$

i)  $\left(\frac{2x^5y^{-2}}{6xy^6}\right)^{-2}$

j)  $\frac{x^2-x-12}{x^2-16} \times \frac{x^2+6x+8}{x^2+4x+3}$

k)  $\frac{3}{x-4} + \frac{7}{x+5}$

l)  $\frac{1+\frac{3}{x-2}}{2+\frac{5}{x-2}}$

2. Factor.

a)  $3x^2 + 10x + 3$

b)  $2x^3 - 16$

c)  $x^4 - 13x^2 + 36$

3. Solve.

a)  $x^2 - x - 12 = 0$

b)  $2x^2 + x = 5$

c)  $x^3 + 4x^2 - 11x = 30$

d)  $\sqrt{x+6} = x + 4$

e)  $\frac{x}{3} = \frac{x+8}{x+1}$

f)  $\frac{2}{x-1} + \frac{5}{x+3} = \frac{9}{x^2+2x-3}$

g)  $2(3)^{x-2} = 12$

h)  $2x^{3/4} - 5 = 11$

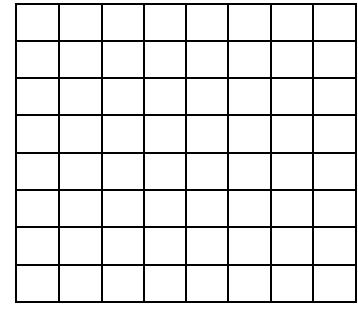
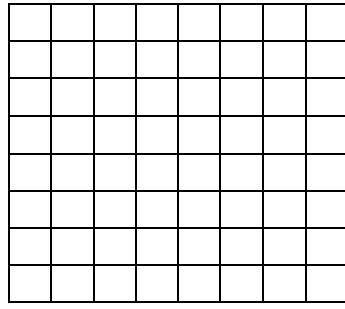
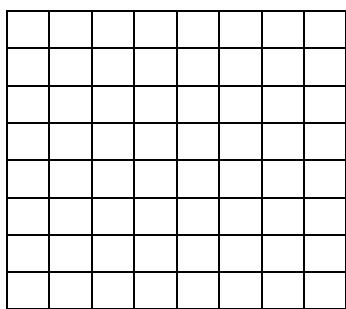
i)  $6\log_3(x+1) = 12$

4. Graph.

a)  $y = \sqrt[3]{x-2} - 4$

b)  $(x-2)^2 + y^2 = 4$

c)  $y = \log_2(x+3) - 1$



5. Write the equation of a line, in slope intercept that is perpendicular to the equation  $3x + y = 7$  and goes through the point  $(2, -5)$ .